

HALF MILLION DOLLAR BOND ISSUE

Kauai Railway Company Votes
to Put Out \$500,000 of
New Securities.

ENTIRE AMOUNT SUBSCRIBED

The Extension of Garden Island
Railroad on Large Scale
Is Contemplated.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

A half-million-dollar bond issue was voted yesterday by the Kauai Railway Company at a meeting of the representatives of the corporation, and the entire issue was immediately subscribed by local financial interests.

This is the biggest financial transaction that has taken place in Honolulu for some time, and means the extension of the Kauai railway on a large scale.

The new securities are 10-20 year bonds, bearing six per cent interest. The issue has been subscribed by the Hawaiian Trust Company, the Bank of Hawaii, Alexander & Baldwin, Mrs. S. C. Allen and Willard E. Brown.

The Kauai railway owns Port Allen, which is the only outlet for the sugar of the McBryde and Makaweli plantations. The railroad runs through the McBryde plantation up to the Kalahoe homesteads, but it is planned to extend it beyond and in other directions. Recent transactions in which the plantation and railway interests have been concerned pointed to renewed activity on the part of the transportation company, and this has come in the form of the big bond issue and the proposed extension of the line.

JUDGE DOLE ONCE MORE TAKES OATH

Judge Sanford B. Dole was Tuesday morning sworn in for his second term as United States Judge of the District of Hawaii. The commission, signed by President Taft, was read in open court and the oath of office administered by Chief Justice Hartwell of the supreme court.

Judge Dole's new commission is for six years, dating from December 16, the date of the expiration of his first commission. Since that expired he has been acting as judge under a "recess" appointment and commission.

Clerk Murphy and Marshal Hendry presented their semiannual accounts for approval.

C. Brewer & Co. did business yesterday for the first time in their new quarters on Fort street in the offices formerly occupied by W. G. Irwin & Co.

OF THE MULTITUDES

who have used it, or are now using it, we have never heard of any one who has been disappointed in it. No claims are made for it except those which are amply justified by experience. In commending it to the afflicted we simply point to its record. It has done great things, and it is certain to continue the excellent work. There is—no medicine which can be used with greater and more reasonable faith and confidence. It nourishes and keeps up the strength during those periods when the appetite fails and food cannot be digested. To guard against imitations this "trade mark" is put on every bottle of



"Wampole's Preparation," and without it none is genuine. It is palatable as honey and contains all the curative properties of pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. Taken before meals it creates an appetite, aids digestion, renews vital power, drives out disease germs, makes the blood rich, red and full of constructive elements, and gives back to the pleasures and labors of the world many who had abandoned hope. Doctor S. H. McCoy, of Canada, says: "I testify with pleasure to its unlimited usefulness as a tissue builder. Its curative powers can always be relied upon, and 'You can trust it as the Ivy does the Oak'." The bottle contains. Avoid all unreliable imitations. Sold by chemists throughout the world.

COUNTY CLASHES WITH TERRITORY

Street Excavation Ordinance Is
the Rock on Which the
Authorities Split.

WILL ARREST GAS COMPANY

Superintendent of Public Works
Grants Permit to Lay
Gas Mains.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Some one connected with the gas company is going to get caught. Just who that some one is remains to be seen, but there is trouble in the wind. And it is all because folk will not pay proper respect to the new ordinance which requires that a permit shall be secured before any street is excavated.

The row broke at last night's meeting of the board of supervisors, when a letter from Marston Campbell was read, stating that he, in his capacity as superintendent of public works, had given the Honolulu Gas Company permission to continue the gas main along Manoa road about 100 feet, to the corner of Dominis street, and 150 feet along Dominis street to a point opposite the Pleasanton.

Just as soon as the letter was read, Quinn moved that the county engineer be instructed to take a look and see that the provisions of the street ordinance were complied with. He quieted the irate supervisor. Mr. McCallan did not say anything—but he looked much.

"Those people have a franchise," suggested the county clerk.

"I don't care," fired back the Democratic supervisor, "they must obey the law."

Then Quinn casually observed that the minions of the superintendent of public works are the worst offenders in the city, when it comes to tearing up the road without any thought to consequences, and he observed that the time had arrived to show that the ordinance was passed to regulate people, and not to ornament the statute books. The matter was finally referred to the road committee and the county attorney, with the intimation that there would be something doing in a big hurry.

Since the ordinance which requires a permit before an excavation can be made was first passed, it has been patent that there must sooner or later come a collision between the county and territorial forces in regard to authority. The superintendent of public works gives permission for the extension of public services systems, in accordance with the provisions of the franchises of the corporations effected, and those corporations show a tendency to take it for granted that the superintendent's permit is ample and sufficient.

But the county fathers are mighty anxious to have some tab on the streets, as they say that it is up to them to put them in order, and they therefore insist that they have the final say as to who shall have the right to do any excavating. They passed an ordinance to enable them to do the supervising, and they have been trying to supervise ever since.

As a matter of fact, there seems to be some question as to just where the authority of the Territory ends and where that of the county begins and the minor solons believe that the matter must sooner or later be carried into the courts. The present mixup will probably result in the matter being threshed out through legal channels, that is if the supervisors carry out their expressed intention of having the gas company arrested for tearing up the street without a permit.

Just whose fault it is that the board was not notified that the gas men were busy on Manoa road and Dominis street, did not develop last night.

ONLY SAWDUST IN CUPID'S BOMB

Kamaoa Explosive Fails to Ex-
plode—Lots Ready to
Be Advertised.

"We are going to advertise the Kamaoa lots immediately," was the statement made yesterday afternoon by Superintendent of Public Works Marston Campbell, who has jurisdiction of the public lands, and this statement was confirmed and amplified a few minutes later by Governor Frear.

This means that the row Cupid raised was, as almost everybody knew, all over nothing. At the very time the Delegate was applying the shorter and uglier word to Governor Frear because he said the Governor had broken his promise to the people of Waiohinu to throw the Kamaoa lands open to homesteading, the force of the public works department was busy preparing maps and plans for the opening up of the same lands. Cupid's bomb appears to have been filled with sawdust.

Governor Frear states that there are eighty-eight of the Kamaoa lots, of about forty acres each, in addition to the Waiohinu and Kilauea lots that are left unhomesteaded and upon which the requirements have not been fulfilled. The lots were originally of 400 acres each but they have been surveyed and broken up into forty-acre lots.

CHEERS GREETED BELGIANS' KING

Administering of Oath Accom-
panied by Joyful Demonstra-
tions of the People.

BRUSSELS, December 23.—Prince Albert, son of the late Prince Philippe, Count of Flanders, was crowned King of the Belgians today, assuming the title of Albert I. With his Queen, Elizabeth, and their sons, Princes Leopold and Charles, the new King rode in state from Laeken to the parliament, acclaimed by thousands along the gayly decorated streets. The oath of office was administered before a joint session of the houses of parliament, and the feeble attempt of the Socialists to sound a discordant note was drowned by the cheers of the King's loyal supporters.

In his speech from the throne, King Albert said: "I pledge myself to do my duty scrupulously and to concentrate my strength and devote my whole life to the service of the fatherland."

Tonight the city is alive with lights and merrymaking, strangely contrasting with the depression and signs of mourning that prevailed immediately after the death of Leopold. But the explanation is to be found in the personal popularity of King Albert and his queen and the high position they hold in the esteem of nations.

Arrival of Royal Party.

At daybreak the streets were again crowded with thousands who sought positions from which they might view the entry into the capital of Albert and Elizabeth. Windows, balconies and roofs were filled, and standing-room on wagons, tables, chairs and ladders were sold by enterprising speculators at extravagant prices.

Preceded by Queen Elizabeth and the two little princes, Leopold and Charles, who occupied the royal coach, Albert made a "joyous entry" to the city. The King was mounted on a spirited charger and made a striking picture in the gold and white uniform of a general.

The arrival of the Queen at the Hall of Deputies was the signal for applause, while the demonstration that followed in honor of the King continued for many minutes. A feeble attempt of the Socialists to raise counter cries were drowned in shouts of "Long live the King!"

Speech of the Ruler.

Standing before the assemblage of brilliantly uniformed princes and foreign representatives, bishops and senators, Albert would have passed readily for a young college professor addressing his class.

In an agreeable voice and speaking deliberately, he pledged himself to work for the social advancement of the nation and the advancement of the moral and intellectual standard of the people. He would seek, he said, to develop the system of popular education and labor unceasingly for the general well-being of the masses. He paid a tribute to Leopold II. and the latter's policy in opening the Congo to Belgian activity. He outlined a program of humanity and progress, and was applauded as he declared proudly that Belgium had always kept her promises, and no one had a right to doubt her word.

The new monarch expressed his gratitude for foreign sympathy at the death of Leopold, saying that the special missions dispatched to yesterday's funeral testified to the admiration felt in other countries for the high qualities of the late King.

Turning to the subject of Belgium, King Albert said: "We must continue our unshakable attachment to constitutional liberty and the love of independence, and thus hold sacred our patrimony while advancing toward the peaceful conquests in the fields of labor and science."

Touches on the Congo.

"In the Congo the nation wishes a policy of humanity and progress, and the enforced mission of colonization can not be other than a mission of high civilization. Belgium always has kept her promises, and when she engages to apply in the Congo a policy worthy of her, none has a right to doubt her word."

King Albert continued: "The throne has its prerogatives and its responsibilities. The sovereign must be the servant of the law and the supporter of social peace. I love my country, and the Queen shares with me an unalterable feeling of fidelity to Belgium, which we are inculcating also in our children. We welcome touches me deeply and I shall endeavor to deserve the confidence shown in me, and now before the country I pledge myself to do my duty scrupulously and to consecrate all my strength and my whole life to the service of the fatherland."

Later in the day the King received the addresses of Parliament. Intimates of the King informed the Associated Press today that the new monarch proposed to apply himself with all the resources at his command to the solution of the Congo situation and the development of that dependency.

CHOOSE ARCHITECT BY COMPETITION

The architect for the new Y. M. C. A. building which is to be constructed will be chosen by competition, according to a conclusion reached last night at a meeting of the trustees and directors and the building committee of the organization.

Secretary Super stated last night that the vote to choose an architect by competition was unanimous. The time for the competition has not been decided upon as yet, but will be soon. The competition will take place as soon as the building committee can draw up plans.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. **AND MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.**

DOCTORED GIN IS BEING SOLD

Bottles Are Being Refilled With
Deadly Mixture and Sold by
the Wholesale.

Nearwhisky is not the only brand of poison which is being dispensed under the guise of a beverage in this Territory. Phoney gin of the most virulent kind is also being passed out, and if anything the preparation is more deadly than the "compound" rectifier's whisky, according to those who are making investigations.

Palm Tree is the favorite brand of the "dopers," and some wonderful mixtures are being dispensed. But whereas the whisky vendors are keeping within the pale of the law as far as is known, the peddlers of doctored gin are frankly monkeying with fire.

The plan of procedure followed by those who dispense imitation gin is totally different from the rectifiers' course. The latter obeys the letter of the law, but the former is a plain counterfeiter. The fake gin man gets hold of bottles of gin, extracts the contents, which he disposes of in small lots at a fancy figure, and then fills the bottle with some liquid fire guaranteed to kill in short order.

So cleverly are the bottles refilled that none but an expert can detect the fraud, and great quantities of this stuff are being unloaded from somewhere. The oriental saloon keepers are handling most, if not all, of this imitation gin, and the prices at which they quote the standard Palm Tree are less than the jobbers can buy it in wholesale lots. However, the ignorant patron of the cheap saloons cares nothing about the cheapness of the stuff so long as he thinks that he is getting his booze.

Some of the samples of neargin which have been secured from time to time are dreadful. To the intelligent person there would be no chance of selling the mixture, but the half-drunken dive patron knows little and cares less about what he drinks and the result is more work for the undertaker. It is claimed that the imitation gin is more deadly than the rectifier's whisky.

Another little scheme is being worked by some of those who handle "compound" whiskies to fool their customers. Flasks are labeled with the name of some well-known brand of whisky and are then filled with "compound." These are then marked with a rubber stamp, "mislabelled." Some times the stamp is legible and some times it is not.

"HAWAIIANS ARE LAZY, BUT WEAK"

What John G. Woolley Says of
the People of These
Islands.

WASHINGTON, December 17.—John G. Woolley, superintendent of the antislavery league of the Hawaiian Islands, today appeared before the senate committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico in support of a bill introduced by the late Senator Johnson of North Dakota to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in Hawaii. He made a reply to the memorial of the Hawaiian legislature which asserted that the people of the Islands were capable of deciding for themselves whether they wanted compulsory prohibition. Mr. Woolley said that a majority of the people sentimentally would be for federal legislation prohibiting the sale of liquor if it were not for the opposition aroused by liquor interests through their circulation of a report that the effect of the passage of such a bill would be to say to the world that the Hawaiians were an unenlightened race. The Hawaiians were described as "a great beautiful, lazy people, but weak." He said they would prefer to be sober, but could not resist the temptations offered by the stronger whites; that the common beverage was "dago red," a concoction of cognac spirits and red wine, which could be bought for fifteen cents a gallon, wholesale, a supply sufficient to keep two families drunk for two days. Mr. Woolley spoke under the auspices of the Reformers' Conclave now meeting in Washington.

TOPOGRAPHERS GO TO GARDEN ISLAND

Chief Topographer C. H. Birdseye, accompanied by about half his staff of mapmakers, who are down here to make a topographical map of Hawaii, left for Kauai last night to begin their work. Mr. Birdseye expects to return in about a week, but will go back in another week, taking the rest of his staff with him. L. F. Biggs, who was among the party that went over yesterday, was accompanied by Mrs. Biggs, who intends to rough it with her husband.

The first work will be done at Kapaa and Anahole. It is the intention of the topographers to complete their work on the island of Kauai before beginning on the other islands. They expect to be through on the Garden Island some time in May.

INCREASED DIVIDENDS.

The directors of the Hawaiian Sugar Company decided yesterday morning to raise the dividend from thirty cents to forty cents a month, beginning the 15th of this month. An afternoon paper yesterday gave the impression that the Hawaiian Sugar Company, a totally different plantation, had made the change.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL PRESENTED

Extension of Mail Payments to
Smaller and Slower Boats
the Plan.

TONNAGE TAX TO BE REDUCED

Subsidized Ships Must Have Half
Their Crews Composed of
Americans.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, January 4.—One of the first bills to be introduced into the house of representatives when congress reconvened today was the administration's measure providing for the subsidizing of American ships, which was introduced by Congressman Humphrey of Washington.

This bill provides for an increase in the rate of government pay for carrying the United States mail by American vessels between ports of the United States and ports of South America, China, Japan, the Philippines and Australia.

The provisions of the bill under which the benefits are to be acquired include vessels of 5000 tons and a speed of sixteen knots, the same as vessels of 8000 with a speed of twenty knots.

Under the terms of the bill vessels which have been built in foreign yards but are of American register are admitted to the subsidy conditions.

The tonnage tax is increased, but a rebate is provided for American bottoms.

The administration's measure excludes from the benefits proposed ships which are owned by a railroad receiving preference from another railroad.

It also provides that all vessels in order to be eligible to subsidy, must be built either of iron or steel, and must be capable of use as cruisers in time of emergency.

It is further provided that at least half of the crews of such vessels, and all apprentices must be American.

GENERAL BARRY HAS FINISHED HIS WORK

Major-General Barry, U. S. A., commanding the department of California, has so far concluded the work mapped out by himself during his stay in Honolulu, that he is ready to return to San Francisco on the steamship Siberia tomorrow. His investigations at Lele hua concerning the site for the construction of the permanent brigade post were thorough and while it is understood he has pretty well settled the exact location where the post should be built, yet the announcement may not be made until after he has thoroughly gone over the reports and data at San Francisco after his return.

Local army officers, while having little or no knowledge of the general's ideas on the subject of the site, feel certain that General Barry will lose no time in presenting his findings to the department at Washington, as \$200,000 were appropriated last year for commencing work on this great post, where possibly 4000 men may some day be stationed.

General Barry has been the guest of Major and Mrs. Dunning at Fort Shafter, during his stay. His aid, Captain Ferguson, A. C., and Colonel Finley, his chief of staff, have also been quartered at Fort Shafter.

Colonel Biddle, Engineer Corps, chief of engineers of the department of California, will return to Honolulu today from Hilo aboard the United States lighthouse tender Kakuhi, accompanied by Major Winslow, Engineer Corps, in charge of local army work. The officers went to Hilo to inspect the Hilo breakwater.

EAGER RUSH FOR BABBITT'S JOB

Many Patriotic Citizens Are
Willing to Immolate
Themselves.

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

Governor Frear stated yesterday that during the day he had had many callers, some merely coming in to present their respects and welcome him home, but many with recommendations or suggestions in regard to the filling of the vacancy in the position of superintendent of public instruction.

The Governor said that he had as yet hardly begun to consider any of the recommendations, suggestions and applications. The semiannual meeting of the commissioners of public instruction is scheduled for January 15, but the Governor says that notices of this can be sent out now, without waiting for the appointment of a superintendent. It is probable, however, that some one will be appointed in time to preside over the meeting.

In the mean time, E. A. Mott-Smith has added to his other titles that of acting superintendent of public instruction, and will continue to hold down the educational lid until a new man is appointed for the job.

A FOLLOWER OF INFLUENZA.

An attack of influenza is often followed by a persistent cough, which in many proves a great annoyance. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been extensively used and with good success for the relief and cure of this cough. Many cases have been cured after other well-known remedies had failed. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

INSURGENTS TO BEGIN OPEN WARFARE

Will Fight Taft and Attempt to
Prevent Renomination
for Second Term.

PRESIDENT WILL HIT BACK

Will Refuse Patronage to Party
Bolters—Battle Begins
in the House.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, January 5.—War without quarter is to be waged against the Taft administration by the Republican insurgent members of congress, who are opposing in every possible way the carrying out of the President's program.

The President is said to have been persuaded that such a course was to be adopted by the insurgents and in the event of the outbreak of open hostilities will retaliate by refusing to appoint any of the friends of the recalcitrants to any office.

A part of the campaign of the insurgents is to begin fighting against the renomination of Taft in 1912.

Adair Begins Campaign.

Congressman Adair of Indiana, in the house yesterday, sharply criticized the extravagance of the Taft administration, including the heads of all the executive departments. He stated that the expenses of the President's department could easily be cut a hundred thousand dollars, singling out the government detective service for especial criticism.

This detective service, he declared, was being made a dumping ground for those who had rendered political service but were otherwise useless.

Adair concluded by stating that the army and navy department were also particularly extravagant and should be curtailed.

MOST UNLUCKY DAY FOR THE AVIATORS

Santos Dumont Injured, Woman
Hurt Seriously, and De la
Grange Is Killed.

(By Associated Press.)

SAINT CYR, France, January 5.—Santos Dumont, while attempting a flight in his dirigible yesterday, was the victim of an accident, as a result of which he and his machine fell eighty feet to the ground. In spite of the fall, the daring aviator is only slightly injured. The accident resulted from the supports of the wings of the flying machine breaking, which allowed the wings to buckle.

Woman Aviator Injured.

CHALONS SUR MARNE, France, January 5.—Madame De la Roche, who was making an ascent in an airship, collided with a tree, being seriously injured. So great was the force of the impact that the aeroplane was destroyed.

Death of De la Grange.

BORDEAUX, January 4.—Leon De la Grange, famous aeronaut, has been killed in the wreck of his aeroplane.

GAYNOR WARNS THE POLITICIANS

Mayor of New York Takes Proper
Stand and Wants No Meddlers.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, January 5.—Mayor Gaynor has issued an order that all appointments in the city of Greater New York must be made for merit alone. He has warned politicians and others to keep their hands off, stating that he was the elected mayor and proposed to carry out the duties of his office as he saw fit and without outside interference.

TAFT WOULD RAISE MAINE.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, January 4.—President Taft is in favor of congress appropriating money for the purpose of raising the wreck of the U. S. S. Maine at Havana.

WILL DIE WITHOUT AID OF LYNCHERS

(By Associated Press.)

KANSAS CITY, January 5.—Two negroes were yesterday convicted of an assault upon a white woman and have been sentenced to death. The public was excluded during the hearing of the case.

MILLS LEAVES SIXTY MILLION

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, January 4.—The estate of Daniel Ogden Mills, multimillionaire, who died in this city of heart disease yesterday, is estimated at sixty millions of dollars.

POISONED PEARS KILL NINE

(By Associated Press.)

SAWTELLE, California, January 5.—Nine persons are dead here as a result of poisoning, the result of eating canned pears.